PROPER STORAGE

Primed lumber should be stored off the ground in a covered building and out of the weather. For best results, let wood products reach an equilibrium with the local climate by storing them for at least fifteen days in a well-ventilated shelter.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STORAGE DOs</th>
<th>STORAGE DON'Ts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>DO</strong> store wood in a garage or shed with adequate air circulation for best protection from the elements.</td>
<td><strong>DON'T</strong> keep wood wrapped tightly in plastic covers. Loosen wrappes at job site to permit air circulation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>DO</strong> keep wood dry. If it can’t be kept under a roof, protect it with a water proof cover. Make sure the cover is secure but loose enough to permit air circulation.</td>
<td><strong>DON'T</strong> leave wood in the sun or covered with dark plastic. The dark cover will attract heat and cause excessive drying.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>DO</strong> store wood off the ground and protected from dirt, moisture, direct sunlight and extreme heat.</td>
<td><strong>DON'T</strong> let wood get wet or dirty. When storing lumber near the ground, place a plastic cover over soil to minimize moisture absorption.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NAILING DOs

| **DO** use non-corrosive nails to avoid nail stains; stainless steel or top quality, hot-dipped galvanized. | **DON'T** use common iron, copper, cement-coated, electroplated or poor quality galvanized nails. These will cause stains. |
| **DO** use ring-shanked wood siding nails. | **DON'T** use casing, finishing or other small-head nails, except for blind nailing tongue & groove. |
| **DO** use properly sized nails. Shank should penetrate 1-1/2” into framing members or a combination of framing members and solid wood sheathing. If sheathing is not solid wood, longer nails are necessary. | **DON'T** staple lumber. Staples do not have enough holding power. |
| **DO** pre-drill holes to prevent splitting when nailing into corners or near ends. | **DON'T** nail through tip of undercourse on lapped siding. This causes splitting. |
| **DO** use a wood-based sheathing. | **DON'T** nail to sheathing only. This will not hold lumber in place. |
| **DO** use a drainable weather barrier such as DuPont™ Tyvek® DrainWrap™. | **DO** use bevel cuts at half joints as this can minimize the appearance of gaps due to shrinkage. |
| **DO** use bevel cuts at half joints as this can minimize the appearance of gaps due to shrinkage. | **DO** remember that saw-textured surface perform better and hold finishes longer. |
| **DO** spot prime trim ends prior to installation. | **DO** remember to spot prime nail locations, scuffed areas and other areas showing bare wood with a high-quality, oil-based, stain-blocking primer after installation. |
| **DO** use a high-performance acrylic primer - Ready for final painting as soon as it’s installed. | **DO** spot prime nail locations, scuffed areas and other areas showing bare wood with a high-quality, oil-based, stain-blocking primer after installation. |

A NATURAL PRODUCT

Wood is a natural product, so individual pieces vary in performance. Wood’s performance depends on many critical factors including:

- Storage and handling
- Structure design
- Craftsmen’s skills
- Use of other materials
- Exposure to weather

While our 2-coat priming process is formulated to control stains, some staining may occur due to the wood’s natural properties and site conditions. The best way to avoid extractive stains is to follow all handling and finishing instructions. Doing so will help to produce good performance under most conditions, however it will not guarantee flawless performance and no warranties, expressed or implied, are given. Due to conditions beyond our control, Siskiyou Forest Products and merchant cannot be liable for the performance of finish applied at the job site.

Siskiyou Reserve Premium Wood Siding is specifically formulated to be the ultimate in siding, fascia and trim. Being made of quality clear, finger-jointed Western Red Cedar, this product is naturally designed for exterior use.

The RESERVE Line is specially manufactured and treated to create the highest quality product available. Using state-of-the-art application and curing equipment, their premium Western Red Cedar stock is made to last for many generations. It is a beautiful, durable product that is ready for installation and final painting the moment it reaches the craftsman.

The two coat process begins with an alkyd oil sealer to block tannin migration. This step is followed by a high-performance acrylic primer - Ready for final painting as soon as it’s installed.

The result: RESERVE quality, inside and out & PRODUCT IS BACKED WITH A 50 YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY! Ask your OrePac Representative for details.
### Siding Patterns

#### #105 Cove
- Code: C FJP105
- Size: 1 x 6 16’ FJ Primed

#### #115 Double Bevel
- Code: C FJP115
- Size: 1 x 6 16’ FJ Primed

#### #117 TD Bevel
- Code: C FJP117
- Size: 1 x 6 16’ FJ Primed

#### #137/794 Shiplap
- Code: C FJP137
- Size: 1 x 6 16” FJ Primed
- Code: C FJP794
- Size: 1 x 8 16’ FJ Primed

#### #106 Comb Bead
- Code: C FJC106
- Size: 1 x 6 16’ FJ Primed

#### #773 1” Bevel Channel Shiplap
- Code: C FJP773
- Size: 1 x 10 16’ FJ Primed

#### #771/772 1” Cove Shiplap
- Code: C FJP771
- Size: 1 x 8 16’ FJ Primed
- Code: C FJP772
- Size: 1 x 10 16’ FJ Primed

#### #433 3 Lap Rnd Edge Drop SDG
- Code: C FJP433
- Size: 1 x 10 16’ FJ Primed

### T&G V2E
- Code: C FJP1344
- Size: 1 x 4 16’ FJ Primed
- Code: C FJP1346
- Size: 1 x 6 16’ FJ Primed

### Bevel FJ VG Reversible Smooth/Resawn
- Code: CBPV1206
- Size: 1/2 x 6 16’
- Code: CBPV3408
- Size: 3/4 x 8 16’
- Code: CBPV1208
- Size: 1/2 x 8 16’
- Code: CBPV3410
- Size: 3/4 x 10 16’

### 1” Channel V & CV Shiplap
- Code: C_FJP784R
- Size: 1 x 6 16’
- Code: C_FJP785R
- Size: 1 x 8 16’

### Trim Patterns

#### Primed Fascia & Trim | Western Red Cedar K.D. A+Btr S152E FJ

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>OrePac Code</th>
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<th>OrePac Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 x 2</td>
<td>C FP102</td>
<td>5/4 x 3</td>
<td>C FP5403</td>
<td>2 x 2</td>
<td>C FP202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 3</td>
<td>C FP103</td>
<td>5/4 x 4</td>
<td>C FP5404</td>
<td>2 x 4</td>
<td>C FP204</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 4</td>
<td>C FP104</td>
<td>5/4 x 6</td>
<td>C FP5406</td>
<td>2 x 6</td>
<td>C FP206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 6</td>
<td>C FP106</td>
<td>5/4 x 8</td>
<td>C FP5408</td>
<td>2 x 8</td>
<td>C FP208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 8</td>
<td>C FP108</td>
<td>5/4 x 10</td>
<td>C FP5410</td>
<td>2 x 10</td>
<td>C FP210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 10</td>
<td>C FP110</td>
<td>5/4 x 12</td>
<td>C FP5412</td>
<td>2 x 12</td>
<td>C FP212</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 12</td>
<td>C FP112</td>
<td>90° FJ Corner</td>
<td>CM352FJ</td>
<td>2 x 3 Window Sill</td>
<td>C FP5203</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 x 4</td>
<td>C FJP1031</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Nailing Siding (SIDE VIEW)

**Plain Bevel**
- Face nail with one nail per bearing. Drive nail so shank clears the top of the preceding under-course by 1/8”. Beware of driving the nail with too heavy of an initial blow.

**Rabbeted Bevel**
- Face nail with one nail per bearing. Place nail about 1” above lower edge of course. Position material to allow 1/8” expansion gap at rabbet joint.

**Tongue and Groove**
- Blind nail 4” and 6” widths through tongue with finish nails. Use one nail per bearing. For wider patterns, face nail with two nails per bearing, as in V Shiplap method.

**Channel Shiplap**
- Use one nail, 1” from the lap for 6” channel shiplap. Face nail with two nails per bearing for patterns 8” and wider. Space nails 1” from the edge of the overlap and 2” from the edge of the underlap. Position material to allow expansion clearance of 1/8”. Boards should be nailed to horizontal blocking installed between studs at not more than 24” on center.

#### V Shiplap
- Face nail with two siding nails per bearing for patterns wider than 6”. Position nails one-quarter the width of the material from each edge. For narrow courses, one nail per bearing is enough. The nailing point should be 1” from the over lapping edge.

For further storage, painting and installation instructions please visit: www.wrcla.org